Town of Redington Shores SWMP Public Education Workshop

Presented by: Cardno now Stantec

Date: August 15, 2022



Agenda

- Introductions & Project Background
- Project Schedule
- Scope of Work
- Public Workshops & Comment Cards
- Q&A

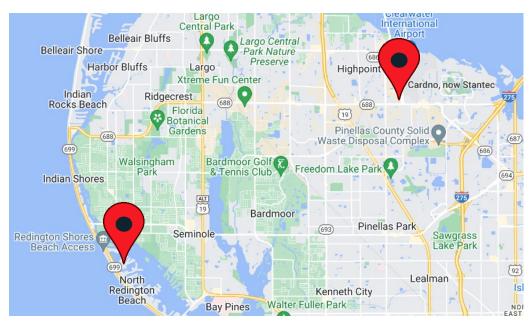




Cardno now Stantec History

- Engineer of Record since early 90's
- Founded 1945
- Full Service Civil and Environmental Engineering Firm
- International Firm with Local Community Focus
- Over 80% of Work is Public Sector
- Joined Stantec in December 2021
- Over 200 Staff Locally





Project Team



Rick Bowers, PE | Senior Drainage Engineer / GIS / Quality Assurance/Quality Control

- 30+ years of experience
- Drainage Design / Stormwater Management / Watershed Management / Asset Management / GIS

Representative Project Experience

Jumper Creek Watershed, SWFWMD

Watershed Master Plan

Bushnell Watershed, SWFWMD

Watershed Master Plan

Blue Sink Watershed, SWFWMD

Watershed Master Plan

Basin C-51, SFWMD

Watershed Master Plan

Town of Redington Shores

Stormwater Needs Analysis

Town of North Redington Beach

Stormwater Needs Analysis

University of Florida

Stormwater Master Plan







Project Team



Tanya Camacho, GISP | GIS

- 15 years of experience
- Water Resources / NPDES / Asset Management / GIS / Utilities

Representative Project Experience

Jumper Creek Watershed

Watershed Master Plan

Bushnell Watershed

Watershed Master Plan

Hernando County Map Modernization Project, SWFWMD

Roosevelt Creek Watershed Management Plan Update, Pinellas County

Blue Sink Watershed, SWFWMD

Watershed Master Plan

Wiscon Watershed, SWFWMD

Watershed Master Plan







Project Team



Chris Knox, PE | Project Manager, Senior Drainage Engineer

- 20+ years of experience
- Drainage Design / Stormwater Management / Watershed Management

Representative Project Experience

Jumper Creek Watershed

Watershed Master Plan

Bushnell Watershed

Watershed Master Plan

Bee Branch Creek Channel Restoration **Analysis**

62nd Avenue North Sidewalk Improvements – Pinellas County, FL

Starkey Road Sidewalks, Pinellas County, FL

District-wide Stormwater Program Management – FDOT District 7 Florida

South Wabash Avenue Extention form Harden Blvd. (SR 563) to Ariana Street, Lakeland, FL

Edgewood Drive from South Florida Avenue to Harden Blvd, Florida

Town of Redington Shores

Stormwater Needs Analysis

Town of North Redington Beach

Stormwater Needs Analysis





Project Background and Schedule

<u>Milestone</u>

Inventory / GIS Database Development

Public Meeting #1

Draft H&H Model Development

Draft Inundation Mapping / BMP Analysis

Level of Service

Sea Level Rise (SLR) Analysis

Final Report

Public Meeting #2

Signed & Sealed Deliverable



Due Date After receive the NTP

60 Calendar Days

170 Calendar Days

250 Calendar Days

330 Calendar Days

360 Calendar Days

390 Calendar Days

450 Calendar Days





Project Location

- 220 ac. with 1.19 mi of shoreline and a total of 6.22 miles of road
- Situated on Sand Key in West-Central Pinellas County
- Bound by the Gulf of Mexico to the west and by Boca Ciega Bay, a protected aquatic preserve, to the east

Location of Project







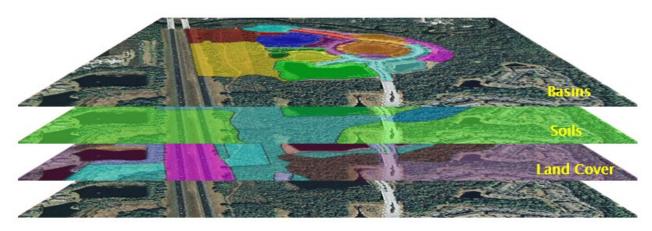
Scope of Work

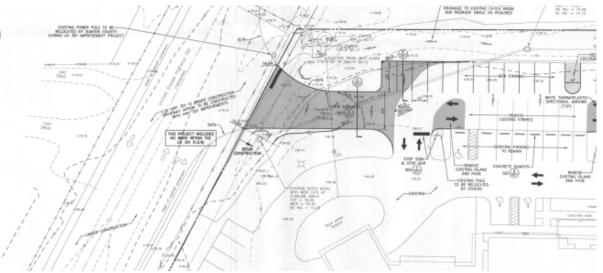
- > Development of a project management plan (PMP) that includes a list of deliverables, schedules, communication protocols, and a quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) plan.
- > An existing conditions watershed evaluation, which will include field evaluations of the stormwater management system asset inventory.
- > Inundation analyses.
- > Level of Service (LOS) Analysis.
- > Develop responses to Town's Review of the stormwater model and deliverables.
- > Best Management Practices (BMPs) alternatives to minimize flooding and address sea level rise (SLR).





Model Development





Cardno now Stante

- > Drainage Data Collection
 - SWFWMD Permit Reviews
 - LiDAR (Light Detection and Ranging)
 - Aerial Photographs
 - Landuse / Land Cover
 - Groundwater, Soils, Pervious & Impervious land features
 - Current / Future Tailwater Elevations

Citation: Streamline Technologies 20140611_Migrating_from_ICPR3_to_ICPR4_Streamline_Technologies.pptx

LiDAR



> 2017 Pinellas County LiDAR







Landuse



- > 2020 Landuse
 - Residential High **Density**
 - Recreational
 - Commercial and Services





Model Development



- > Existing Drainage Structure Inventory
 - Catch Basins
 - Outfalls
 - Pipes
- > Closed-circuit TV (CCTV)
 - Review Video
 - Inspection Reports







Model Development



Source: Google Maps, 2022

- > Existing Drainage Structure Inventory
 - Staff will verify locations of existing stormwater inventory and add missing structure locations if needed.
 - Visual condition observations captured
 - Survey if needed
- > Design / Update the GIS







Storm Pipe Systems

- > 284 Pipes in Database
- > 8 inch and larger pipes to be modeled
- > Upstream and Downstream Inverts provided. Missing data to be estimated from Digital Elevation Model (DEM, from LiDAR) or Upstream / Downstream Culverts









Structures

- 51 Outfalls
- 236 Catch Basins
- Weirs
- Water Control Structures
- Overland Discharge from **Closed Catchments**



Source: Google Maps, 2022



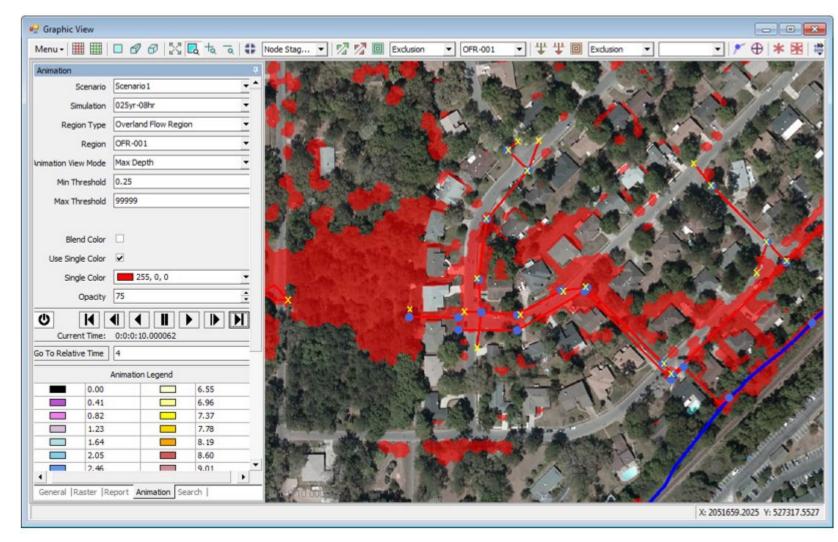






Hydrologic and Hydraulic Model Development / Analysis

- > Develop an ICPR4 model of the existing drainage conditions of the Town
- > Town Review
- > BMPs Alternatives Analysis and Recommendations
 - 8 conceptual BMPs to alleviate inundation









Hydrologic and Hydraulic Model Development / Analysis

- Development of an ICPR4 model of the existing drainage conditions for the Town of Redington Shores
- > Town Review
- > BMP Alternatives Analysis and Recommendations
 - 8 conceptual BMPs to alleviate flooding

Storm	Duration
2.33 mean-annual	24hr
10yr	24hr
25yr	24hr
50yr	24hr
100yr	24hr





Citation: Google Maps

Inundation Analysis / Mapping (Existing Condition & SLR Assessment)

- > Evaluate overall performance and capacity of the stormwater system
- > Identify potential flooding problems and create townwide flood inundation maps (current and future)

0 - 0.56 (Int-Low, Year 2030) 0.56 - 0.79 (Intermediate, Year 0.79 - 1.25 (High, Year 2030) SLR Year 2050 0 - 0.95 (Int-Low, Year 2050) 1.44 - 2.56 (High, Year 2050)

Legend Opacity

SLR Year 2030

Citation: Pinellas County SLR Map Application Sea Level Rise (arcgis.com)







Level of Service

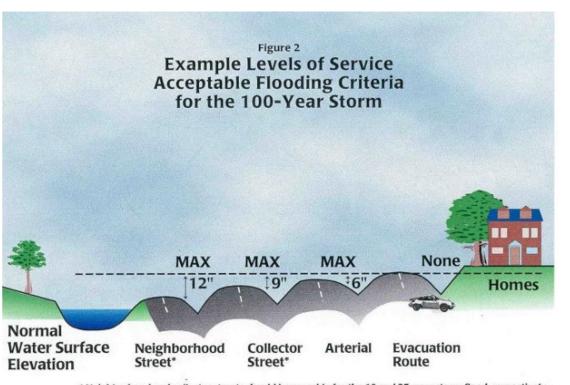
- > Roadway Level of Service to determine roads affected by flooding
- > BMP Analysis to provide solutions for affected areas identified by FPLOS determination

Table 1 Flooding LOS Classification for Roads							
	Road LOS Classification						
	Evacuation	Arterial	Collector Road		Local Road		Other
	Route	Road	Major	Minor	Major	Minor	Roads
100-Year (0.01 chance)	E^1	B^1	A	A	A	A	A
50-Year (0.02 chance)	E	C	В	В	A	A	A
25-Year (0.04 chance)	E	D	C	В	В	A	A
10-Year (0.1 chance)	E	D	C	C	В	В	В
5-Year (0.2 chance)	E	Е	D	D	C	С	В
2.33-Year (0.429 chance)	E	Е	Е	Е	D	D	C

¹LOS = A if impassable flooding does not occur for the 100-year storm event.

Citation: Hernando County LOS SWRA BMP Approach 20131017.pdf





* Neighborhood and collector streets should be passable for the 10 and 25-year storm flood, respectively.

Level of Service

- > Roadway Level of Service to determine roads affected by flooding
- > BMP Analysis to provide solutions for affected areas identified by FPLOS determination



Node E0245 (downstream)

Design Event	Pre– Stage (NAVD)	Post– Stage (NAVD)
Mean-annual/24-hr	79.42	79.49
5-yr/24-hr	79.48	79.54
10-yr/24-hr	79.57	79.68
25-yr/24-hr	79.83	79.80
50-yr/24-hr	80.09	79.89
100-yr/24-hr	80.30	80.16



Public Outreach Meetings

- > Public Outreach Meetings
 - Educational Workshop and gather historical flood data
 - Stormwater Master Plan Results Workshop



Watershed Management Program Preliminary Floodplains & Maps Public Review and Comment Meeting
Meeting Date: 4 2 18 Watershed: Jumps Creek County: Sunder Mane: 18 Interviewer Name: 18 Telephone #:
Site Address:
Parcel ID: \(\square \(\square \) \(\squa
Send Map US Mail CEmail
Email Address: / MSUTZC adl. Cem
Mailing Address: 1932 CR 564 Bushne 11 + 335/3
Standing water 7.1998? Between
The back 1900 cr 564 my mon's 1-fowers
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11 3 - 1

Citation: SWFWMD Public Review & Comment Cards

Jumper Creek Watershed







Public Comment Cards

- > Public Comment Cards submit by Oct 17th to Town Hall or helpdesk@redshoresfl.com
- > Leave comment cards with Town Hall receptionist
- > Provide as much information as possible, specifically dates, event names, and photographs, if available.

PLEASE ANSWER THE FOLLO	WING QUESTIONS:		
Have you experienced flooding of	on your property or in the area?	Yes□	No 🖾
Where was the flooding and how Other information:	high did the water reach?		
When did the flooding occur? (E	Date or storm event)		
DO YOU HAVE THE FOLLOWIN	NG? (Check all that apply)		
☐ Photos of flooding	☐ Information on how water flows through your property		
☐ Survey data	☐ Others:		
☐ Soils data			





Questions











Seawall Ordinance

> Sec. 63-15.4. - Seawalls: construction specifications.

C.Cap. The seawall cap shall be poured in place and shall have a minimum width of 22 inches and a minimum depth of 16 inches. Embedment of sheet pilings into the cap shall be six-eighths inches. Finished seawall cap elevations shall be between seven and one-half feet and eight and one-half feet N.G.V.D. Expansion joints between one-half inch and three-fourths inch shall be provided at spacings not to exceed 40 feet. Expansion joints shall be located no less than one foot from slab joints, and expansion joints shall be filled with proper expansion material. Seawall caps shall contain four longitudinal reinforcing bars not less than No. 6 size and No. 5 stirrups not more than nine inches on center within a quarter span of anchor rods and 18 inches on center for the remaining span.



Benefit to Cost Analysis

Each proposed BMP requires a planning level cost estimate and an analysis of the benefit to cost ratio.

Costs associated with implementing a BMP may include:

- Construction cost based on quantities
- Mobilization
- Maintenance of traffic
- Contingency
- Surveying and testing
- Design
- Permitting
- Construction administration and observation
- Anticipated maintenance costs



Benefit to Cost Analysis

For flood protection BMPs, the benefit to cost ratio measures how well the proposed improvements will reduce flood damage over a predetermined time period (usually the project life). A value above 1 indicates the cost can be well justified by the benefit through BMP implementation. A value of 1 is the "breakeven" point while a value below 1 indicates the implementation is likely more costly than the expected benefit (e.g., reduced flood damage).

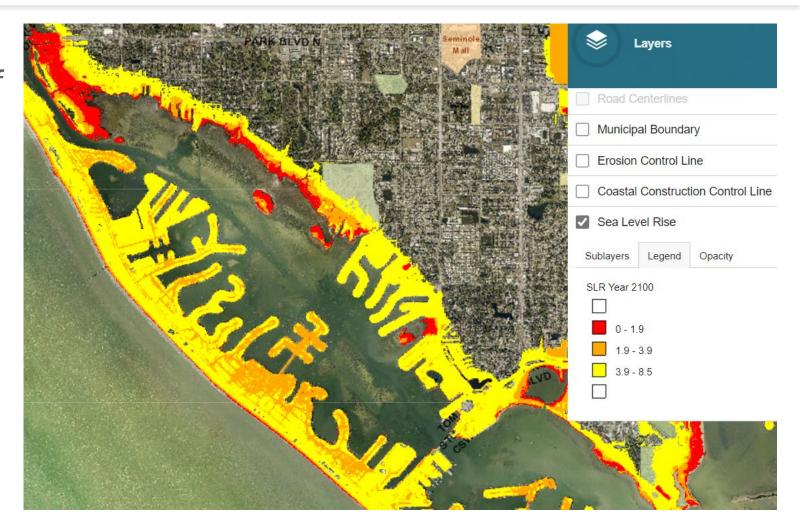
$$Benefit \ to \ Cost \ Ratio = \frac{Reduction \ in \ total \ damage \ costs \ over \ evaluation \ period}{Total \ costs \ incurred \ (capital \ and \ maintenance) \ over \ evaluation \ period}$$

BMPs are ranked and evaluated by staff.



Inundation Analysis / Mapping (Existing Condition & SLR Assessment)

- > Evaluate overall performance and capacity of the stormwater system
- > Identify potential flooding problems and create townwide flood inundation maps (current and future)



Citation: Pinellas County SLR Map Application Sea Level Rise (arcgis.com)







Surface Water and Groundwater

